

Alumni Exchange

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Supporting Children and Families' Social and Emotional Health During Turbulent Times

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Secure relationships create buffers during turbulent times:

- Responsive
- Reassuring
- Consistent

Today's presentation will provide tips and guidance for your family



Family Routines & Rituals

Routines: Specific, repeated practices that involve 2 or more family members

Rituals: Symbolic meaning, establishing and perpetuating the understanding of what it means to be a member of the group.

Routines disrupted = hassle

- Creates feelings of control, structure, and security (safety)
- Predictability (a sense of normalcy)
- Learn through habit about a sequence of events (recall)
- Learn about time
- Socialization of culturally acceptable behavior in young children

Rituals disrupted = family cohesion may be threatened



Or living room/kitchen/bedroom!







BRUSH TEETH

COMB HAIR CHECK BACKPACK **PUT ON TACKET**

GO TO SCHOOL



BRUSH TEETH







GOODNIGHTS

POTTY

STORY TIME









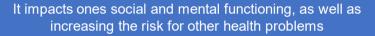




WHO recommends that all healthy adults do 30 minutes/day of physical activity, and children should be physically active for 1 hour/day











Rich in language!

- Families discuss events of the day, share stories, make plans for the future.
- Reconnect & organize
- Reinforces vocabulary development

Physical activity affects mental health
our ability to remember, learn, plan, and concentrate

Creating a Family Schedule: Consistency

Predictability



The state of the s			
	M	OM SCHOOL	
	8-9	Ge + Ready ~	
	9- 9:30	Morning P.E.	
	9:30 - 11	School	
	11 -12	Recess	
12-12:30		Lynch	
12:30 -2		School conputer	
2 - 3		STEM	
3 - 5		Afternoon P.E.	
5-6		Free Time iPad	



Daily Schedule

Before 9:00 AM	Wake up!	Make your bed, eat breakfast, brush teeth, get dressed
9:00-10:00	Outdoor Time	Family walk or outdoor play
10:00-11:00	Academic Time	No Electronics! Reading, homework, study, puzzles, journal
11:00-12:00	Creative Time	Creative play, drawing, Legos, crafts, music, cooking, baking
12:00-12:30	LUNCH	
12:30-1:00	Home Chores	Clean rooms, put away toys, take out garbage, pet care
1:00-2:30	Quiet Time	Reading, nap, puzzles, yoga
2:30-4:00	Academic Time	Electronics OK! Educational games, online activities, virtual museum tours
4:00-5:00	Outdoor time	Family walk or outdoor play
5:00-6:00	Dinner time	Family dinner, help with clean-up and dishes
6:00-7:00	Bath time	Bath or shower
7:00-8:00	Reading/TV time	Relaxing before bedtime
9:00 PM	Bedtime	Put on PJs, brush teeth, clothes in laundry

Resources

- https://d3knp61p33sjvn.cloudfront.net/2016/01/Healthy-Habits-for-Life-Get-Moving.pdf
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zNs8srnJ95U&feature=youtu.b
 <a href="mailto:e
- https://healthychildren.org/English/healthyliving/sleep/Pages/Healthy-Sleep-Habits-How-Many-Hours-Does-Your-Child-Need.aspx
- https://www.cincinnatichildrens.org/patients/coronavirusinformation/family-resources/routine-structure
- https://blog.chocchildrens.org/establishing-structure-and-routinefor-kids-during-covid-19/
- https://healthychildren.org/English/family-life/Media/Pages/Foodand-TV-Not-a-Healthy-Mix.aspx



How to Talk with your Children about Covid-19

Illness and germs can be frightening for children of all ages. Your children may have questions and feelings about the virus

- 1. Ask kids what they've heard or know!
- 2. Ask them how they feel.
- 3. Share only the information that they need right now.
- 4. Answer simply and honestly.
- 5. Offer reassurances
- 6. Explain the things they can do to be safe.



















Talking to Children 5 and Under

Children at these ages are still rooted in what they can physically see and feel. Their understanding of illness is vague and magical.

- 1. Model appropriate behaviors!
- 2. Pay attention to what your child is asking and only give them the information they are asking for!
- 3. Simple is better

Video of a 4-year-old's understanding of Covid

1. Help your child understand what tools they have to stay safe! Make them a part of their daily routine.

Video of a 4-year-old telling what tools and routines he uses to stay safe



Talking to Children Ages 6-10

The 4 bullets from the previous slide still pertain to this age!

- Ask: What do you think?
- Correct any misperceptions
- They can understand more about illness and viruses so you can help them understand how the virus might make them feel if they get it (like a cold or the flu...this may make them feel less anxious)
- Talk with them about their duty to protect themselves and others
- Help them develop safe routines







Talking to Tweens and Teens

Children and Youth at these ages may have a LOT of questions!

- Answer them honestly and with straightforward responses. You do not have to give more information than they are asking for.
- Share articles and information about the virus when appropriate.
- Talk with them about social responsibility.
- Discuss what the media is presenting to them and help them make sense of it. Be reassuring









Talking to Tweens and Teens

- Remember that while tweens and teens can understand more about illness, it does not mean they can make good decisions. The executive functioning area of the brain is still developing.
- They may still believe that bad things will not happen to them personally
- They may still engage in risky behavior
- Help them set boundaries, establish safe routines and keep the lines of communication open!
- Model appropriate behaviors!!!!

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Social Unrest Impacts Your Children

Racial Injustices & Political Unrest - your children see and hear what is happening

Children have questions – lots of questions!

- Do not avoid answering their questions.
- First, ask what they know or have heard before you give an answer.
- Be honest, but reassuring
- Provide words and age appropriate definitions/examples
 - Ex. Race, Injustice, Protest, Equality, etc



New Skills During Turbulent Times

Children have:

- Adjusted to remote learning
- Learned and followed COVID health protocols
- Engaged in COVID social protocols
- Learned new ways to play & connect with peers
- Engaged in practices to help others



What Can Parents/Caregivers Do?

Provide your child with social & emotional support

- Provide space to answer questions lots of questions!
- Be honest but reassuring
- Allow kids to express themselves: verbally, writing, drawing, performing, etc.
- LISTEN! Listen to your children, talk less

Children need parents/caregivers who are **steady**, **empathic**, **calm**, & **supportive**

Q & A

